IN BEHALF OF THE INDIANS.

An Immense Meeting at the Congregation

Church-Many Speeches Made. Not only was every seat occupied in the First Congregational Church last evening, but there was scarcely any standing room that was not taken up. From the doors nearly up to the platform the aisles were filled with people. All of people, and even the platform stairs were tilled. The galieries were packed as if the work is made up of small frame buildings. had been done by an expert for a sardine packery. This great audience had assembled to see the Sioux Indians and hear about their wrongs. Whether it was curiosity to see the red men from the west or a desire to listen to their tale of woe that was the main motive in bringing the audience together would, perhaps, be a difficult question for the ladies of the Weman's National Indian Association, under whose auspices the meeting was held, to answer. At any rate those of the members who occupied seats on the platform looked with satisfaction over the sea of faces.

THE INDIANS SLEPT AND SNORED-The Indians seemed to be interested in the audience also. They were seated in rows on commanded the artillery of Hardle's division of Bragg's sarmy and was a member of Genturned toward 10 o'clock some of the Indians yielded to the influence of the heated air of the church and went to sleep. No one disturbed here executed.

The funeral of Western South, where he commanded the artillery of Hardle's division of Bragg's starmy and was a member of Genturned toward 10 o'clock some of the Indians yielded to the influence of the heated air of the church and went to sleep. No one disturbed here executed to the influence of the least of the commanded the artillery of Hardle's division of Bragg's sarmy and was a member of Genture and Western South, where he commanded the artillery of Hardle's division of Bragg's sarmy and was a member of Genture and Western South, where he commanded the artillery of Hardle's division of Bragg's sarmy and was a member of Genture and Western South, where he commanded the artillery of Hardle's division of Bragg's sarmy and was a member of Genture and Western South, where he commanded the artillery of Hardle's division of Bragg's sarmy and was a member of Genture and Western South S church and went to sleep. No one disturbed them except when their snoves became rather consciousness. Congress had one representative on the platform in the person of Senator Dawes. Prof. Bischoff presided at the organ and Rev. Mr. Newman, the pastor of the church, made some brief introductory re-parks, during which he stated that the object row evening at their music rooms in Sarepts regard to the Indian situation. He expressed hope that the evils and injustice complained on the street vesterday.

The Northwest Alexandria Company will

COMMISSIONER MORGAN GIVES HIS VIEWS. Gen. Morgan, the commissioner of Indian affairs, was the first speaker. He was of the opinion that Indian wars were unnecessary and he did not believe that there was any just occasion for the recent disturbance in South Dakota. He favored educating the Indians so as to provide them with the means of intelligent labor and of looking out for their own interests. He spoke of the few Indians engaged in the recent disturbances and said that great progress had been made in civilizing the Indians. One of the difficulties, he said, in dealing with the Indians was that of civilizing the white men on the frontiers. They sold the Indians whiskey and fire arms and robised them. He spoke favorably of the work of the Carlisie school and said that books, not buyonets, were the weapons to be used in the work of making the Indians good citizens.

The next speaker was Rev. Mr. Cook, an Episcopal minister at Pine Ridge, who attributed lieved in education, but he thought that the Indians ought to be educated at home, and given employment as far as possible on the reservations. He thought the Indians ought to have some voice in the selection of their the education as much as possible of Indian boys and girls at their homes.

THER BUIEF SPEECE made brief speeches and then Miss Grace Howard, who has been a teacher among the Sioux, spoke of the efforts made to educate the red She gave an interesting account of what condition of the Indians and made a strong appeal that justice should mark the Inden-policy. The meeting then came to a close.

This Dangerous Practice.

A dozen or more small boys were called upon in the Police Court this morning to answer a 8, T. & B.'s sub Mt. Pleasant; \$299.53. charge of throwing stones. There was only one colored boy in the crowd and he seemed to have got there by mistake, for when the boys

Almost every day for the past few weeks the boys have engaged in stone battles, much to the danger and annovance of the citizens who live near these school houses. The judge heard the evidence, which only

In fining the four boys \$5 each the judge cases. throwing stones in the street and break up, if

AGAINST FREE SILVER.

The House coinage committee gave a hearing last night at the Riggs House to a delegation from Philadelphia and another from the New the pending free coinage bill. Mr. Frederick Fraley of Philadelphia, president of the national

At the suggestion of Mr. Fraley a letter was them who are interested in the contests of read on the subject of free coinage from Mr. the arena, writes as follows from that city:

The arena and anything about the letter and that city:

The arena and any manager for Joe Fielden of England. He has money basis, but with two standards, one or the other must go to a premium and thus destroy the financial equilibrium of the country.

Mr. Charles D. Smith, the president of the New York chamber of commerce, addressed the committee. He said that the organization of which he was president was the oldest commercial institution in the United States. It was entirely a non-political body, the two parties, he thought, being about equally represented. Yet the chamber by a very large massed in the country, the democratic cyclone in the country, the democratic party would have a good deal to ing a membership of about 900 successful busisilver legislation honestly represented the sentiment of the people of the entire state of New York. Mr. Smith read a long letter from great danger from the passage of the pending measure. He said he believed in silver to a cer-tain point and just se long as the danger line is not passed that drives gold to a premium. He expressed the fear that that line would be passed before many years even at the present rate of coinage. The danger line will have been passed when balances in bank will not buy a bill of exchange on London. Mr. Smith said that in his opinion there was no want of currency in the country today. Money could be had on call by any person with proper security at 2 per cent. Indeed he thought there was more engrency in the country today.

ALEXANDRIA.

A GRANGERS' MEETING The district grange of northern Virginia now in session at the Braddock House, J. B. leading and favorite newspaper of the National Bowman presides and A. J. Wedderburn is

> The corporation court sits during a portio of each day, but business is slow coming in Alexandrians are not disposed to litigation The court will close its term in a few days. On its probate side R. Z. Lucas has been appointed guardian of his children, John Z. Lucas and

A SMALL HOUSE BURNED. The third ward fire alarm was given last aight for a fire at the corner of Princess and Patrick streets, where a small house occupied by a colored family named Jones was burned. along the sides of the church there were lines The fire was caused by sparks from the stove of records and even the platform stairs were and did not extend, though the neighborhood

I. O. G. T. LECTURE. Mrs. Bessie Starr Keefer of Ontario, Canada the lecturer and organizer of the "Righ Worthy Grand Lodge, I.O.G.T., of the World, will deliver a public lecture at the M. E. Church South at 7:30 o clock tomorrow (Friday) night.

The meeting is under the auspices of Talisman Lodge, No. 754, I. O. G. T. The subject will be "Taking Care of the Babies." Mrs. Keefer has been lecturing to crowded audiences in Washington for the past two weeks.

Col. Llewellen Hoxton of the Episcopal High School fell dead at that institution this morning. Col. Llewellen was a native of this city, graduate of West Point, but at the outbreak of the war resigned and went south, where he commanded the artillery of Hardle's division

afternoon from his home on Fayette street near the Midland depot. A number of friend and associates attenued, he railroad shops

eing well represented. The Alexandria Musical Association will give Hall. The rooms will be thronged. Adancing bear entertained young Alexandria

hereafter hold a meeting every week.

The aidermen have declined to appropriate \$150 of public money to pay the expenses of a committee to confer with the directors of the Norfolk and Western railroad in order to seek to induce them to extend their road to Alexan

Messrs. Williams Bros. report sales for the past ten days as follows: For Maria L. and Mary A. R. K. Rose, to City Investment Company, lot 4, sq. 1084, on East Capitol between 16th and 17th streets, at \$1,600. For the Washington Real Estate Company, two lots on North Carolina avenue between 13th and 14th streets northeast, each for \$725, and through Waters & Thompson, for Thomas Jackson, jr., to John A. Moyer, lot 44, sq. 891, on 8th street between F and G northeast, at \$1,426; all cash, eing 62c. per foot.

A. B. McCrary has purchased of W. C. Niblack

for \$8,000 part lot 4, square 209, 34 by 100 feet on P between 14th and 15th streets northwest. the recent disturbances to the dissatisfaction with the failure of the government to carry out with the failure of the government to carry out so feet, on I between 11th and 12th streets

\$20,000 lot 15 and north one-half 14, reserva-tion B, 33 feet 9 inches front on 6th street bereservations. He thought the Indians ought to have some voice in the selection of their agents, and that the subordinate positions about the reservation should be filled by Indians. He said that in the east the young men were advised to go west while the opposite advice was given to the Indian. If the west was to be a great country, the Indians wanted to be on hand and enjoy the benefits of the prosbe on hand and enjoy the benefits of the pros-perity. He said that the farmers were too much inclined to be bosses. What was needed

Schmidt lots 8 and 9, square 466, 45% feet on 7th and 122 feet on F street southwest.

R. S. Rutherford has bought for \$15,000 of much inclined to be bosses. What was needed were bishop farmers. He commended the work done at the Carlisia school, but favored feet on 19th between S street and Cedar place.

Transfers of Real Estate.

\$1,000. Annie E. Henshaw to J. Nathan Baker, part 4, sq. 871; \$-, J. H. Lane to Emma L. to Emma A. Pollok, sub 3, sq. 177; \$—. A. Herr to A. B. McCreery, part 4, sq. 209; \$—. C. Elack to Mary J. Felt, subs 43 and 44, sq. 616; \$2,000. Charlotte Milier to W. Mayse, lot 21, sq. 1075; \$1,392.13. J. F. Graeff, trustee, to Elizabeth M. Forney, parts 2, 5 to 6, 13 and 14, sq. 405; 8—. W. H. Manogue to C. P. Stohlman, sub 93, sq. 57. Georgetown; \$3,900. R. Fendall, trustee, to J. H. Bundy, part 8, blk.

in front of a volley of stones were on the re- Court in General Term-Chief Justice Bing treat the colored boy went with them and the result was that he also had to go with them to court.

Some of the boys attend St. Joseph's school, while the others go to the Carberry building.

CIRCUIT COURT-Judge Cox. Yesterday—Kenderdine & Paret agt. A. Saks & Co.; verdict of jury 1 cent damages for plaintiff. Edward C. Birmingham agt. Pettit & Dripps; before reported; not concluded. Farmers and Merchanst National Bank agt. J. convicted four of the boys. These battles, the judge said, were engaged in by almost every-body, but they were on the commons and in the backwoods instead of on public streets.

N. Huston, and Lumbermans' National Bank of N. Huston, and Lumbermans' National Bank agt. J. N. Huston, and Lumbermans' National Bank of Judge said, were engaged in by almost every-body, but they were on the commons and in the backwoods instead of on public streets.

> Yesterday—Birney agt. Painter; auditor's report confirmed. Breman agt. Clark; Richard E. Miles appointed guardian ad litem. Gockeler agt. Gockeler; Louise Gockeler appointed guardian ad litem. McKee agt. Cochrane; Gib-son Bros. bill for printing ordered paid. Allen agt. Allen; testimony before Richard L. Wal-lack ordered taken.

FIELDEN AND AUSTIN GIBBONS. York chamber of commerce in opposition to The Former Washington Pugilist Well

Joe Fielden, the Washington pugilist, is in board of trade, and Mr. McKean of the Phila- New Orleans and seems to have much impressed delphia Ledger, the latter briefly, expressed the "sports" there with his abilities. Patse Doody, who is reckoned an authority by gen-At the suggestion of Mr. Fraley a letter was themen who are interested in the contests of

thority. He took the ground that no especial harm would result to the commercial interests manager for Joe Fielden of England. He has "Gov. Hill and I," said Mr. Cleveland, quite

first served is his motto. the democratic per downed the English kid, Charley Wil. do to beat the rep son, on last Friday night at the Olympic Club. If I can't arrange a match for Fielden in a few days we will take a trip to Hot Springs.

"Ex-President Peterson has just told me that he will back Fielden against Austin Gibbons for any amount of money and a purpose."

Nearly 450 of the money and a purpose. bons for any amount of money and a purse If Gibbons will accept let him telegraph her

We are just crazy for a match.

there was more currency in the country today than its business needs required.

Mr. John Hanson Rhoades, the president of a savings bank in New York city, and Mr. Wm.

V. McKean of Philadelphia also made adversarial the states within the limits of the city of Columbia, S.C. Mr. Blair did not make any remark until the bill was passed and he also noticed that Senator Cockrell, who is a ready objector, was also abnormally dumb.

When the presiding officer announced the dispersion of the country today of the presiding officer announced the dispersion of the country today.

Pictures for the Corcoran Gallery.

At the Seney art sale in New York last night
"The Banks of the Adige." Rico, was purchased for the Corcoran Art Gallery in this city for the Corcoran Properties and I call the especial attention of the Senator from Missouri (Mr. Cockrell) to it."

And even Mr. Cockrell had to smile just a list.

MR. CLEVELAND'S SILVER VIEWS.

He Regards Unlimited Coinage as a Reci A large meeting of business men attende Capital, alike in the counting-room, the workshop, and the family circle. Pretty much
everybody in the District reads it regularly. It inated Mr. E. Ellery Anderson, president of the Reform Club, for chairman of the meeting

and he was elected by acclamation. Mr. Fairchild spoke strongly and interest ingly against the passage of the free coinage of silver, giving manifold reasons why it should of silver could not be increased as proposed, and predicted ruin and privation follow-

ing in the wake of the passage of the silver bill.

A committee of ten members of the Reform Club will be appointed by Mr. Anderson to go to Washington and oppose the passage of the silver bill.

The following letter, from ex-President Cleveland, on being read was loudly applauded:

816 Madison avenue, Feb. 10, 1891.

E. Eller Anderson, Esq.:

My Dear Sir. I have this afternoon received your note inviting me to attend tomorrow evening a meeting called for the purpose of voicing the opposition of the business men of our city to "the free coinage of silver in the United States." I shall not be able to attend and address the meeting, as you request, but I am glad that the business interests of New York are at last to be heard on the subject. It surely cannot be necessary for me to make a formal expression of my agreement with those who believe that the greatest perils would be initiated by the adoption of the scheme embraced in the measure now passing in Congress for an unexpression of my agreement with those who believe that the greatest perils would be initiated
by the adoption of the scheme embraced in the
measure now pending in Congress for an unlimited coinage of silver at our mints. If we
have developed an unexpected capacity for the
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scheme embra the currency, and even if we have demon-strated the usefulness of such an increase, these conditions fall far short of insuring us against disaster, if in the present situation we enter upon the dangerous and reckless experiment of free, unlimited and independent silver coinage. Yours, very truly, GROVER CLEVELAND.

Resolutions opposing the silver bill were manimously adopted.

THE OPTIONAL ENDOY MENT SYSTEM What Principally Occupied the District Grand Lodge, B'nai B'rith, Yesterday.

The twenty-second biennial session of the District Grand Lodge, No. 5, Independent Order of B'nai B'rith was concluded yesterday in Baltimore. The next meeting will he held in Macon, Ga. Nearly the whole morning and part of the afternoon yesterday was taken up in the consideration of a part of the report of the ommittee on the endowment fund. The special feature advocated the optional endowment system for new members—that is, to join the order and pay the regular dues without being driver in the five-minute rule." So the bill went over. compelled to subscribe to the endowment, or widows and orphans' benefit feature. Thus they work of the order and would not share in its insurance benefits. This being a change in the laws of the order, it required a two-thirds vote to carry it through, and, failing in this, it was at first lost, but was afterward reconsidered and exceeded. sidered and carried. The committee also pro osed that the assessment for the endowmen and be increased from \$15 to \$18, claiming that the present tax of \$15 was too small and would in a comparatively short time result in a at the present tax of \$15 was too small and would in a comparatively short time result in a decicit. This was strongly advocated by a small majority of the delegates and as strongly opposed by the remainder. Failing to secure a two-thirds majority it was lost, and although reconsidered was lost again. The two resolutions relating to the Russian Jews in America, the first indorsing the Jowish Alliance in its effect forts to have immigrants settle on the farming lands, instead of colonizing in the cities, and the second, favoring the establishment of B mai B'rith lodges among them were reported favorably from the committees to which they had been referred, and were adopted. The Grand Lodge appropriated \$100 for the work of the alliance, and appointed a committee consisting of President Henry King, jr., S. L. Anerbach, Aaron Haas and Elias Rosenbaum, jr., to represent it at the alliance convention to be held next Sunday in Philadelphia. The committee on finance reported favorably. The committee on finance reported for the order for the support of the Orphans' Home in Atlanta, Ga.

This will result in a comparated \$10,000. The expenses of the asylum are \$10,000 per annum and the remaining \$6,000 is raised by other months ago the Washington in the emasing \$6,000 is raised by other mans in Georgia. Committees were appointed as follows: Finance, R. H. Manko, B. Born-land time and the remaining \$6,000 is raised by other mans in Georgia. Committees were appointed as follows: Finance, R. H. Manko, B. Bash and athath the mass mall majority of the black and although the discassion opposition to be held for two years yet.

The reas some opposition to be held for two years yet.

Ballance reported.

Mit. Dilland. Interval and the thirty series and the believed that the yould not be decition would not be held for two years yet.

Br. Callance cannot be a constituent of the Attempt to Bribe Government Gauger Davis of the whisty trust whose arrest was sensational as it was promised they would be. The charge laid at Gibson's door golins; credentials and reports, S. L. Auerbach, I. Isenberg, Soloman Preiss, I. Steinem, D.

A BAD BRACE OF ARCHDERES

toward matrimony. Of course his wealth and position would buy him a wife any day, but to all parts of the building. unhappy will be the victim of such a bargain. Francis Ferdinand is something more than uncultured: he is an ignorant, sullen, discourteous lout, who abhers any other company than that of toadies and underlings, and who in ladies' tions and uncouth manners. Otto's wife, a Saxon princess, rarely lives with her husband. She is now spending the winter in Abbazia, while Otto is sulking in an old cestle at Enns, which has only half a dozen habitable rooms and where he is virtually kept in custody by his "keeper." Paron Turkhain. by his "keeper," Baron Turkheim.

The unfortunate characteristics of the two archdukes cannot be hidden. Neither is fit to

reign, and it is openly asked in Austrian court circles who will be the during man to propose what is admittedly the only alternative—viz, a family arrangement by which the crown will will Germany say?

HAVE ALWAYS BEEN FRIENDLY.

on ex-President Cleveland in reference to the to the whisky trust, but not proved, were made Watterson letter to Gov. Hill. Mr. Cleveland to destroy Shufeldt's with dynamite. One of

the recent democratic cyclone in the country, the democratic party would have a good deal to do to heat the republican party.

"It will be no child's play," said the ex-President

Nearly 450 of the men who were employed at the Lorillard brick works at Keyport, N. J., which recently assigned, are out of work and are destitute. Money is owed to the men by the "New Obleans, February 8, 1891."

"New Obleans, February 8, 1891."

Mr. Blair Caused a Smile.

Senator Blair loves sarcasm. He even enjoys it when it is directed at himself. Yesterday afternoon the Senate passed a bill appropriating the sum of \$50,000 for the erection of an equestrian statue of Gen. Francis Marion and locating the statue within the limits of the city of Columbia, S.C. Mr. Blair did not make any remark until the bill was passed and he also noticed that Senator Cockrell, who is a large destitute. Money is owed to the men by the works, but they cannot get it. Yesterday the receiver of the concern had a conference with the merchants of the place and tried to arrange some plan to supply the workmen with the necessaries of life. The Keyport merchants hold about \$30,000 worth of time checks which were issued to the men by the company and they do not care to accept any more of them. The receiver promised to settle with them within the city of Columbia, S.C. Mr. Blair did not make any remark until the bill was passed and he also noticed that Senator Cockrell, who is a long to the content of the merchants of the place and tried to arrange to the merchants of the merchants will probably hold a meeting on Friday, when they will decide whether or not to cash more checks. In the meantime many of the employed men, who are mostly Danes and Norwegians, are living on the oysters and clams they cannot get it. Yesterday the receiver of the concern had a conference with the merchants of the merchan

EXPLORATION OF ALASKA. Representative Cutcheon, from the commit ee on military affairs, yesterday reported to Senate bill appropriating \$100,000 to enable the Secretary of War to provide for an exploration and survey of the interior of Alaska.

William O'Brien Issues a Long Str Showing Why Peace Negotiations F IN ACCORD--PARNELL JUSTIFIES HIMSELF.

Representative Hatch, from the commit on agriculture, has reported to the House a bill, as an amendment in its nature of a substitut as an amendment in its nature of a substitute for the Senate bill to provide for the inspection of live cattle, hogs and the carcasses and products thereof which are the subjects of interstate commerce, &c. It embraces the provisions of Senator Vest's bill for the inspection of cattle intended for export and of live cattle the meat of which is intended for export. It also authorizes the Secretary of Agriculture to make a careful post-mortem examination of surmounted." WHY THE TRUCE WAS GIVEN UP.

Representative Struble (Iowa), from the com nittee on territories, yesterday reported favorably the bill to open the Cherokee outlet is the Indian territory to settlement and to ex-tinguish the title of the Indians to the land. A long report accompanies the bill. It says that in the opinion of the committee the Indians do not have a good title to the lands and that the lands are fertile and at present a barrier to the rapid growth of the southwest, thousands of good settlers being kept out for the benefit of a comparatively few Indians.

DISTRICT IN CONGRESS. THE BALTIMORE AND OHIO BAILROAD ROUTE.

While the Senate was considering bills on the route of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad in the District.

THE GIBLS' REFORM SCHOOL BUILDING. The other local bill was one which provides for the purchase of a site and the erection of buildings for the girls' reform school of the District. A committee amendment making the District responsible for one-half of the cost was adopted, and the bill, which appropriates

\$75,000, was passed. TO BUY THE MALTBY HOUSE. The Senate yesterday evening passed the Sen ate bill to provide for the purchase of the Malthy House. There was some opposition to the measure, but Senators Vest, Harris and Allison made explanatory statements, which

people tried their best to have a certain man appointed inspector of the department for this district. We set a watch. Soon after this Dewar was communicated with and this man Gibson opened up a correspondence with him. We have the correspondence.

"Gibson felt his man cautiously, telling him at first that Shufeldt's concern was in the way

Morally and Mentally Neither One is Fitted to Reign.

Although the Emperor Francis Joseph is only in his sixty-first year, says a Vienna letter, he has shown signs of increasing feeblesses. shown signs of increasing feebleness of late, and people are beginning to discuss the question of the succession to the throne. Alleyes are directed toward the Archduke Ferdinand, who, as heir presumptive, must soon turn his thoughts toward matrimony. Of course his wealth and

> DEWAR WOULD HAVE BEEN KILLED. "The result of the success of the conspiracy, continued Mr. Hart, "would have been that the machine would have exploded between two of

the immense tanks, making a terrible destruction and leaving a sea of alcohol on fire. Gibson lied when he told Dewar that the machine would not go off until he had time to get out, for it would have exploded at once, killing the man who placed it there before he could possibly get away, thus destroying the only evidence against the trust people and at the same time saving to them the \$25,000 that Dewar was to have received. In addition to the destruction of Dewar and the buildings the success of the plot meant, unquestionably, the death of 150 men working in the place.

"As I say, Mr. Dewar, under our instructions, went to the length of the conspiracy, and when Gibson was arrested he was waiting uneasily, expecting to hear the explosion and the destruction of all those lives and all that property. We have in our possession all the evidence to substantiate Dewar's story, the dynamite machine, the letters, the contract between Dewar and Gibson; in fact, everything. The case is practically over so far as our department is concerned; the case is far as our department is concerned; the case is "Although I regret to have perceived during the place without national humiliation and discretification and contract between Dewar and Gibson; in fact, everything. The case is practically over so far as our department is concerned; the case is "Although I regret to have perceived during the contract between Dewar and Gibson; in fact, everything. The case is practically over so far as our department is concerned; the case is "Although I regret to have perceived during the contract between Dewar and Gibson; in fact, everything. The case is practically over so far as our department is concerned; the case is "Although I regret to have perceived during the contract between Dewar and Gibson; in fact, everything. The case is practically over so far as our department is concerned; the case is "Although I regret to have perceived during the contract between Dewar and Gibson; in fact, everything." the immense tanks, making a terrible destruc-tion and leaving a sea of alcohol on fire. Gib-son lied when he told Dewar that the machine haps a shade worse, though in his case an unusually weak intellect, almost amounting to idiocy, is some excuse for barbarous occupations and uncouth manners. Otto's wife, a sibly get away, thus destroying the only eviting the e

Two previousattempts, which were attributed them were afterward tried for complicity in the assassination of Dr. Cronin. Coughlin is serv-

decision was considered outrageous by seven-eighths of the three thousand spectators present, who consudered that Kelliher had handily won on his merits. The fight was under Queensberry rules, with four-ounce gloves, for \$500 a side, the entire gate receipts and middle-weight championship of the northwest. It developed after the fight that Keiliher had broken one of the small bones in his left hand in the first round by striking the Pearl a heavy blow on the right ear. The fight was fairly even up to the sixth round, but after that Kelliher had everything his own way.

Col. Charles Heywood, commandant of the

THE IRISH SITUATION.

LITTLE FORBEARANCE ON EACH SIDE WOULD HAVE SECURED HARMONY-THE IRRECONCIL ABLES CARRIED THE DAY-BOTH THE ENVOYS

William O'Brien has issued a long statemen on the Irish situation. He says: "In an other-wise difficult position, the delegates to America had the advantage that they were free from the heat of partisanship and could offer themplotely confirms the conviction that only a hearty reunion can save the Irish cause. It is my duty to solemnly declare that no difficulty has existed which a little more sacrifice of personal feelings on both sides might not have

Mr. O'Brien explains that the idea of a pub-lic truce was abandoned because both sides declared it was impossible and that no useful purpose would follow the publishing of the details of the negotiations. Therefore it had been decided to regard the negotiations as confidential. Mr. O'Brien thinks, however, that none of the parties concerned will seriously question that upon the main points contended for on both sides a substantial agreement was established.

"I cannot too strongly express," continues Mr. O'Brien, "with what feelings we found a settlement so vital shipwrecked at the last settlement so vital shipwrecked at the last moment by mere contests of words and phrases—contests which, with a little more magnanimity and less suspiciousness on both sides, might easily have been arranged, and which, to my mind, offer a shockingly inadequate excuse for committing the country to a struggle involving consequences so appalling. We are hampered at every step, not merely by the malignant tittle-tattle and giddy mischief making of a section of the English press, but by the more serious impediments placed in our way by responsible persons who, under the influence of some extraordinary infatuation, have seemed to grudge every hour devoted to peacemaking the edge of it and two substantial white strings at the end, securely to tie it under the chin.

Ah! but there are other nightcaps than this. There is a dainty creation of fine, sheer muslin, all foaming with little quillings of lace, through which runs a bit of ribbon, white or rosy, or blue as a turquoise, ending in a demure rosette, a bow light as a butterfly on the wing. Such a can but little larger than an infant's. to grudge every hour devoted to peacemaking and to resent every attempt to give a less bar-barous character to the conflict."

GRATITUDE FOR SYMPATHY. Mr. O'Brien expresses gratitude for the attitude of helpfulness and sympathy of the bulk of the English and Irish people and of his colleagues of both sections of the Irish party, who, he believes, are ready to make any sacrifice of personal feeling or punctilio for the restoration of the priceless blessing of national unity. "This acknowledgment," he says, "is especially due to the loyal, high-minded efforts of several of the very foremost men on all sides."

In conclusion Mr. O'Brien says: "One of the saddest things in this tragic business is that circumstances have rendered it impossible to give organized effect to the overwhelming public longings for a reconciliation, while the field is held by heated partisans, who, impelled by motives which I do not question, but who are fatally deceived as to their own and their opponents strength and the consequences of continued discorribated. Mr. O'Brien expresses gratitude for the attionents' strength and the consequences of con-inued discord, have done their worst by exasperating language and insulting suspicious, scarcely veiled threats and rumors and in-trigues to make the work of peacemaking im-possible."

In an interview Mr. Parnell declared that he would not recede from his position, which he said was consistent. He would not submit, he said, to the dictation of Mr. Gladstone and the priests. He believed that the general election would not be held for two years yet.

services. Though he was utterly unable to accept Mr. Parnell's leadership after the famous manifesto, yet Mr. Dillon says that had he been free from the sentence of imprisonment he would have found it difficult if not impossible to throw himself heartily into a struggle consudered with him.

Soon after this would have found it difficult if not impossible to throw himself heartily into a struggle conducted in a method abhorrent to him. He finds himself in perfect accord with Mr. O'Brien, that no alternative but the arrangement Mr. O'Brien's views and proved that the arrangement he contemplated was possible.

the arrangement he contemplated was MR. PARNELL TO MR. O'ERIEN. Mr. Parnell will this afternoon make public "House or Commons, Feb. 11, 1891.

veyed to me on the subject of our negotiations being of a final character, I conclude there is nothing left to be done, so far as I am con-

no danger to the cause in my now surrendering the responsibility placed upon me, which I ac cepted at the hands of our nation and our race

"Although I regret to have perceived during the last few days that there exists in some quarters, and those quarters from which such a spirit might be least expected—the bishops—a spirit breathing the deadliest hostility to that peace, in any event, and on whichever side honest Irishmen may be engaged in this controversy they owe you thanks for the beneficent efforts you have made. I am sure the country will agree that you have acted throughout in the spirit of a true patriot. Believe me, my dear O'Brien, very sincerely yours. my dear O'Brien, very sincerely yours, "CHARLES STEWART PARNELL."

A special cable dispatch to the New York Ten Rounds to a Draw.

At the New Market Theater in St. Paul Tuesday night the fight between Denny Kelliher of Boston and Harris Martin, the "Black Pearl" of Minneapolis, was decided by Referee Minnix of Minneapolis to be a draw after ten rounds. The Minneapolis to be a draw after ten rounds. The Minneapolis of a draw after ten rounds. The Minneapolis to be a draw after ten rounds. The Minneapolis to be a draw after ten rounds. The Minneapolis to be a draw after ten rounds. The Minneapolis to be a draw after ten rounds. The Minneapolis to be a draw after ten rounds. The Minneapolis to be a draw after ten rounds. The Minneapolis to be a draw after ten rounds. The Minneapolis to be a draw after ten rounds. Herald says that Mr. Parnell will, it is under-Minneapolis, was decided by Referee Minnix of Minneapolis to be a draw after ten rounds. The decision was considered outrageous by seven-eighths of the three thousand speciators seven-eighths considered that Kelliher land hands

"It is a scientific fact that Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure. "HENRY A. MOTT, Ph. D., LL. D."

Late U. S. Government Chemist.

AUCTION SALES.

OLD-PASHIONED NIGHTCAPS.

ot the Kind You Take Internally, but Thos

ormer age fallen into such ill-repute? asks a

wind howls a symphonic poem in the chimney

who is the ascetic spinster that will blame the

thal With a Pistol.

There is another side to the story of the re-

ent elopement of Maud Lillienthal of Yonkers.

found Lascelles' stories of family connections

nother immediately canceled the engagement

and, with her daughter, returned to New York.

The liquor men carried the North Dagota

and another was ill and this gave the resul

rriter in the New York Mercury.

not and with a bit of lemon on top?

Why has the old-fashioned nightcap of a No one is prepared to maintain that its suc-cessor, the modern nighteap, has not its possi-bly good points. Of a winter's night when the has gotten into your bones and will not out, man who finds a quite Eiysian comfort in the

Auctioners.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IM
APROVED PROPERTY, BEING HOUSE NO. 1318
11TH STREET NORTHWEST.
I will offer for sale in front of the premises, on
THURSDAY, THE TWELFTH DAY OF FEBRUARY
AT HALF-PAST FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., lot lettered
"L" in square 312, said tof fronting 20 feet on 11th
street between N and 0 northwest and improved by a
3-story house with 3-story back building, containing
Il rooms.
Terms made known on day of sale. \$100 deposit required; terms to be complied with in 10 days or the property will be resold at risk and cost of a sulting purchaser.
Tel-d&ds0t*

Auctioneer, 500 11th st. No, this modern night cap does very well in-deed. But because it is doubtless so eminently satisfactory constitutes no reason for supposing that its predecessor was all wrong. When made of common white cotton or possibly of turkey red and furnished with a tassel at the end of a red and furnished with a tassel at the end of a long point it was, perhaps, not what would be called an esthetic bit of headwear. It was not to be denied that it possessed character when it was seen, as in ancient prints, perched on the head on some bald-pated citizen of rubicund visage, who, roughly aroused from his slumbers by a broil in the street, throws the casement open and peers out, tallow candle in hand. But character and beauty are different things. Nor was the female of that especial order of male night cap any better. A big, rotund white bag, like a sack of meal, with a gigantic ruffle about the edge of it and two substantial white strings at the end, securely to tie it under the chin.

THOMAS DOWLING, Auctioneer. CATALOGUE SALE

VALUABLE BOOKS, MANY OM NAPOLEON.

INCLUDING ALSO SOME ILLUSTRATED BOOKS AND POETS, AND A FEW LAW BOOKS, ALMOST ALL IN FINE CONDITION. TO TAKE PLACE AT MY AUCTION ROOMS.

FRENCH REVOLUTION

a bow light as a butterfly on the wing. Such a cap, but little larger than an infant's, covered the curly head of the debutante not long ago as she sat up propped in pillows and convalescing from a fever. Adorably pretty was the mutinous face peeping out from such a framing. And imagination, from this delightful starting point, took a delicious flight. Think of it! Could this one example, set by a young creature possessed of some originality, but be followed, what changes there would be. No more nocturnal visions of curl papers, wisps of hair done up in last month's butcher's bill, no more scrawny females rushing out in case of THURSDAY AND FRIDAY EVENINGS, FEBRU ARY 12 AND 13, AT 7 O'CLOCK. Books will be ready for examination Monday, Feb

ELEVENTH ST. AND PENNA. AVE.,

THOMAS DOWLING, Auctiones

TOMORROW. THE FINE STOCK AT THE CHINA STORE, Cutlery, &c., beins soid out. Sale DAILY at HALF PAST TEN O'CLOCK A. M. Great barrain, as the goods must be sold.

FOLEY, Auctioneer.

fire into hotel corridors with front hair quilted into iron crimping pins and standing aloft like the quilts of the fretful porcupine. No more unlovely exposures in like instances of thin gray locks straggling about a high forehead shorn of its "skeleton bang" or other elaborate "frontpiece" forgotten in the terror of the moment on the pincushion.

There was a decency, a trimness, a decorum about the pretty feminine nightcap of other days that could well make one wish to see it revived. It was the natural, medest covering for the curl papers, the crimping pins of the young and for the bald spots of the elderly. It was the respectable veil supplied by that art which is often so much more considered than nature to poor humanity when off dress parade.

A dame of the ancient regime would have besitated to confront even a section. RATCLIFFE, DARR & CO., Auctioneurs, 12:0 Pennsylvania ave. n. w. PEREMPTORY SALE
OF THE ART GOODS, FRAMES, ETC., CONTAINED IN MR. WILLIAM H. VEERHOFF'S
BRANCH STORE, 411 SEVENTH STREET
NORTHWEST, BY AUCTION.
THIS STOCK, WHICH IS NEW AND FIRST
CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT, CONSISTS IN
PART OF

nature to poor humanity when off dress parade.

A dame of the ancient regime would have hesitated to confront even a nocturnal burglar without a chastely enfolding cap upon her locks en deshabille. A flowing, tangled coiffure held suggestions not to be tolerated by self-respecting housewives. In her last illness she was still punctilious as to the whiteness and freshness of her head covering, and when she breathed her last she would assuredly have felt that death had come with indignity had it ruffled the smoothness of the little frill upon her hair. These demure little caps, Quakerish and sweet and prim, are eloquent of all manner of gentle, old-time ideals of modest and dainty femininity. They suggest vaguely the faint, old-fashioned fragrance of lavender and dried rose leaves, and those quiet, decent, loving lives that were passed in all order and sobriety in the shade of quaint green arbors and about the big, softly lighted rooms of ancient and substantial mansions in those streets of our modern cities that have now

N.Y., and Walter Eaton, said to be of New York. In the fall of 1889 Mand and her mother sailed DATCLIFFE, DARR & CO., Auction SPECIAL AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF LARGE
STOCK OF STOVES, TIN WARE, HOLLOW
WARE, &c., &c., BEING THE ENTIRE STOCK
OF A DEALER DECLINING BUSINESS AND
REMOVED TO OUR SALESROOMS FOR CONVENIENCE OF SALE.
ON FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY THIRTEENTH, AT TEN O'CLOCK, we will sell at our
salesrooms, SEO Pennsylvania avenue northwest, a
large stock of
NEW AND SECOND-HAND COOKING AND HEATING STOVES, TIN WARE, HOLLOW WARE,
&c., &c., for Europe. Eaton, or Lascelles, as he called himself, who was a passenger, secured an introduction and immediately laid siege to the heart of the heiress. He was about thirty-five years f age, was polished and fascinating, spoke five anguages and claimed to belong to one of the est families of England. He kept up the siege all over Europe and finally conquered. About this time the wise mother made an investigation

Terms cash. RATCLIFFE, DARR & CO., Aucts. RATCLIFFE, DARR & CO., Auctioneers,

and, with her daughter, returned to New York. This was in the spring of 1890.

Nothing was seen of Lascelles until about a month ago, when the mother accidentally met him on the streets of New York. The meeting was a thorough surprise, because a few days previously the daughter had received a cable-gram from him purporting to be from Cairo. Egypt. Mrs. Lillienthal became alarmed and at once brought her daughter to the home of friends in Sewickley, a fashionable suburb of Pittsburg, twelve miles down the Ohio river. They were followed by Lascelles, who renewed his attentions to the young lady clandestinely. At the last moment Maud hesitated at breaking her mother's heart by flight, when he produced a revolver and threatened in the event of a refusal to not only kill her, but afterward commit suicide. Whether he meant to or not the threat accomplished its purpose. Then Lascelles forcibly detained the mother while the daughter ran to the carriage in waiting. They were married that night in Beaver, ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE IMPROVED BUSINESS PROPERTY IN THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, BEING THE TWO-STORY BRICK STORE, NO. 1243 ELEVENTH STREET SOUTHEAST, BY AUCTION.

By virtue of a deed of assignment to me and duly recorded, I will offer for saie by public anction in front of the premises, on MONDAY, THE SIXTEENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A.D. ISSI, AT HALF-PAST FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., all that certain piece or parcel of land and premises known and distinguished as the NORTH SIXTEEN FIET FRONT BY THE DEPTH THEREOF OF LOT 28, IN NOUARE 977.

THEREOF OF

LOT 28, IN SQUARE 977.
Improved by a large two-story brick store, on the west
size of 11th street between M and N streets southeast, being suitable for dry goods or heavy mercantile
business, having been used for many years by the
Double Combination Store, and is one of the best busi-

missionists 32 to 29. The bill was passed and sent o the senate, where the fight will be equally upper branch. Two democrats in that body oppose resubmission. Axvig, the democrat who left the temperance men in the house, is from Cavalier county, and was elected specially because he was believed to be reliable on prohibition. This is one of the hardest fights ever

AUCTION SALES.

WASHINGTON HORSE AND CARRIAGE BAZAAR,
PEREMPTORY SALE OF PONIES, HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c.
Will be sold at the Bazzar, No. 940 La. avc., SATURDAY MORNING, commencing at TEN O'CLOCK,
three Beautiful Indian Jonies, young, sound and
well broken to harness and saddle.
ALSO
30 head of Good Working and Driving Horses and
Marge.

S. BENSINGER, Auctioneer

REGULAR SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND PERSONAL EPFECTS AT MY AUCTION KOOMS SATURDAY. FEBRUARY FOUR TEENTH, 1891, COMMENCING AT TEN O'CLOCK, EMBRACING IN FART SEVERAL FINE MIRRORS, PARLOR SUITES, PIANOS, CHAMBER FIRNITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, DINING ROOM AND OFFICE FURNITURE, BRUSSKLES AND OTHER CARPETS, COOKING AND REATING STOVES, TOGETHER WITH MANY OTHER ARTICLES IN THE FURNITURE LINE.

LOT BUILDERS MATERIAL.

ALSO, AT TWELVE O'CLOCK, A NUMBER OF HORSES FOR DRAUGHT AND DRIVING PURPOSES, VEHICLES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, BUSINESS WAGONS.

D'ATCLIFFE, DARR & CO., Auctioners.

RATCLIFFE, DARR & CO., Auctioneers, 1630 Pennsylvania ava. n. w.

REGULAR SALE OF HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, BUGGIES, SLEIGHS, HARNESS, HALTERS, LAP ROBES, &c., BY AUCTION, HORSE AND CARRIAGE MART, 520 C ST. N.W., TWELVE, O'CLOCK M. SATURDAY, PEBRUARY FOURTEENTH, 1901. FOURTEENTH, 1801.

N. B.—S10CK MAY BE ENTERED ANY TIME UP
TO THE HOUR OF SALE.

BATCLIFFE, DARR & CO.,

BATCLIFFE, DARR & CO., fe12-2t

THOMAS DOWLING, Auctioneer

FURNITURE, UPRIGHT PIANO AND OTHER ARTICLES OF VALUE AT 1322 L STREET NORTHWEST.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD

By virtue of a deed of trust dated the 20th day of January, 1861, and duly recorded in Liber No. 1885, Jone 173 et seq., one of the land records for Washing-tion, D. C., the understaned trustee will sell, by direc-tion of the party secured thereby, on TUESDAY, FEBEUARY SEVENTEENTH, 1891, at residence 1822 L. street northwest, commencing at TEN OCLOCK, the entire contents mentioned in Schedule A attached to said trust, as follows: PLUSH PARLOR SUITE (8 PIECES), HALLET & EBONY CABINET, OIL PAINTINGS, BRONZE ORNAMENTS, HALL SET, PANCY SCREEN, DUNGES, BOCKING CHAIRS, MOQUET, BODY BRUSSELS AND OTHER CARPETS, FOLDING CABINET, BEDSTEADS WITH MIRRORS, WAL

SEWING MACHINE, SUPERIOR DRAWING BOOM FURNITURE, CHINA, GLASS AND PLATED WARE, KITCHEN REQUISITES, &c. SERGEANT'S, 427 10TH ST., N.W.—SALE OF Unredeemed Predices—Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry, Clothing and mis-milancous articles. Prompt.; MONDAY, FEBRUARY SIXTEENTH, 7:30 P. M. fell:48° F. WAEREN JOHNSON, Auctioneer.

SUT AND OAK CHAMBER SUITES, CHAMBER

FURNITURE IN SEPARATE PIECES, MAT-TRESSES, SPRINGS, BEDDING, TOLLET WARE,

PATCLIFFE, DARR & CO., Auctioneers, 1220 Pennsylvania ave. n. w USING ASSIGNEE SALES OF FINE GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, GOLD, PLAIN AND SET FINGER RINGS. CHAINS, SOLID AND PLATED SILVER WARE, OPERA GLASSES, GOLD HEAD CANES, SILK UMBRELLAS, CLOCKS AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF GOODS BY AUCTION, ON MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY MORNINGS. FEBRUARY SIXTEENTH, AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK, I will sell by pablic auction at the store of MESSRS. VOIG TA HAND SIZE THE STATE OF THE STREET NOETHWEST, the balance of goods contained therein to the highest bidders.

RATCLIFFE, DARR & CO., Aucts.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ES TATE ON THE B. AND O.R.E., AT COLLEGE STATION, NEAR WASHINGTON CITY.